Evli GEM B

EVLI

Equity fund that invests in emerging markets' companies globally.

FUND MANAGER'S COMMENT

By sector, the negative return differential in July was due to both stock selection and sector weights. The most harmful effects came from selection in IT and from a lack of investments in financials. By country, the underperformance was caused by stock selection, which didn't work well for example in South Korea and Taiwan, even though it was successful in India. By stock, bottom attributors were SOOP, Tofas Turk Otomobil Fabrikasi, and Mavi Giyim Sanayi Ve Ticaret, while the top attributors were Cochin Shipyard, not holding Taiwan Semiconductor, and our investment in Castrol India.

We invest in underpriced companies that generate cash flow and have strong debt coverage. There are no benchmark, sector, geographical or market cap constraints within the investment universe.

PERFORMANCE SINCE START



Past performance is no guarantee of future returns.

PERFORMANCE, %

	Fund	Benchmark	Difference
Year-to-Date	12.12	10.54	1.58
1 Month	-2.35	-0.57	-1.79
3 Months	1.79	3.59	-1.80
6 Months	9.10	13.47	-4.37
1 Year	17.42	8.21	9.21
3 Years, annualized return	3.32	0.28	3.04
5 Years, annualized return	7.89	3.99	3.89
Since Launch (25.1.2016)	113.79	86.99	26.80
Since Launch, annualized return	9.33	7.62	1.71
2023	17.08	6.14	10.94
2022	-13.72	-14.95	1.22
2021	17.57	4.40	13.17
2020	-0.20	8.67	-8.87

BASIC INFORMATION

Fund Manager Hans-Kristian Sjöholm, Wilhelm Bruun, Marjaana Haataja, Kati Viljakainen MSCI Daily TR Net **Benchmark** Emerging Markets Index USD ISIN FI4000153697 Fund Starting Date 25.1.2016 Morningstar Fund CategoryTM Global Emerging Markets Equity Morningstar RatingTM **** **SFDR** Article 8 Responsibility Score **BBB** Carbon Footprint (t CO2e/\$M sales) 270 Subscription Fee, % Redemption Fee. % Management and Custody Fee p.a., % 1.80 Performance Fee, % LICITS Yes

RISK AND REWARD PROFILE

Lower risk Typically lower rewards Typically higher rewards Typically higher rewards Typically higher rewards

Read more about the fund risks and calculating the risk category from the Key Investor Document (KID).

RECOMMENDED INVESTMENT HORIZON

at least 9 years

KEY FIGURES, 12 MONTHS

	Fund	Benchmark
NAV per B Unit, EUR	213.787	-
Fund Size, EUR million	196.04	-
Volatility, %	11.08	12.31
Sharpe Ratio	1.21	0.34
Tracking Error, %	6.93	-
Information Ratio	1.33	-
R2	0.69	-
Beta	0.75	1.00
Alpha, %	10.28	-
Active Share, %	94.82	-
TER, %	1.80	-
Portfolio Turnover	0.54	-

This document is a monthly factsheet and for illustrative purposes only. The information provided is not intended as investment advice or recommendation. Past performance is no guarantee of future returns. The value of the investment may rise or fall and the investors may not get back the full amount invested. Investors should read the Key Investor Document (KID), Fund Rules and Fund Prospectus before any subscription. Each of these documents is available in English at www.evii.com free of charge.

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RESPONSIBILITY SCORES

BBB, BB, B and CCC. The ESG ratings distribution of the Fund's holdings are based on MSCI's analysis. MSCI is an independent ESG research provider offering a comprehensive global database.

Responsibility Score	BBB
Environment	BBB
Social	BBB
Governance	BBB
Coverage of the Analysis (%)	78



ESG means factors related to Environmental, Social and Governance issues.

ESG Rating: companies are analysed and measured by how well they manage key risks and opportunities arising from ESG factors. The assessment is done within the industry.

Responsibility Score: based on MSCI's methodology and taking into account the market valueweighted average of the fund's individual companies' ESG ratings.

CARBON FOOTPRINT

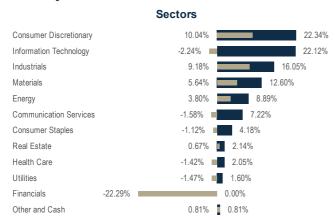
Evli uses weighted average carbon intensity to measure the carbon footprint according to the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD). According to MSCI's analysis, the weighted average carbon intensity is categorized as following Very Low (0 to <15), Low (15 to <70), Moderate (70 to <250), High (250 to <525), and Very High (>=525).

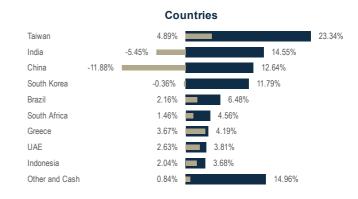
Read more about Fund's responsibility from its ESG-report

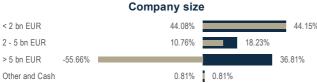
PORTFOLIO STRUCTURE

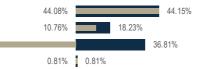
Weight











10 LARGEST INVESTMENTS

	%
Cochin Shipyard Ltd	4.43
Godawari Power and Ispat Ltd	1.58
Hindustan Zinc Ltd	1.56
Shipping Corp of India Ltd	1.45
Great Eastern Shipping Co Ltd/	1.41
Hyundai Glovis Co Ltd	1.36
Oracle Financial Services Soft	1.33
Mr Price Group Ltd	1.32
Depo Auto Parts Ind Co Ltd	1.29
Mavi Giyim Sanayi Ve Ticaret A	1.25



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SHARE CLASS INFORMATION

Share Class	Α	В	IB	BUSD
Launch Date	25.1.2016	25.1.2016	18.3.2022	20.2.2017
Currency	EUR	EUR	EUR	USD
NAV 31.7.2024	154.107	213.787	123.276	156.656
Management and Custody Fee per Year, %	1.80	1.80	1.00	1.80
TER per Year, %	1.80	1.80	1.00	1.80
Sales Registration	FI,SE,DE,AT	FI,SE,NO,DE,AT,LT, LV,EE	FI,DE,AT	FI,SE
ISIN	FI4000153689	FI4000153697	FI4000518816	FI4000243118
Bloomberg	EVLGEMA FH	EVLGEMB FH	EVEGIEA FH	EVLGEBU FH
WKN	A3DGTF	A3DGTE	A3DJSQ	-
Clean Share	No	No	Yes	No
Minimum Investment	5,000	1,000	5,000,000	1,000
Profit Distribution	Annually	Accumulated	Accumulated	Accumulated
Target Investor	Retail	Retail	Institutional	Retail

DICTIONARY

Active Share, % measures how much fund portfolio (based on position weights) differs from the benchmark index. If active fund has same shares with same position weights as in benchmark, then its' active share is 0%. If active share % is high, fund portfolio differs largely from the benchmark.

Alpha describes the effect of the portfolio manager's investment choices on the fund's return compared with the return of an index portfolio with corresponding market risk, i.e. the additional returns attained by the fund in relation to its market risk.

Beta describes the sensitivity of the fund's value to changes in the benchmark index. If the value of the benchmark index changes by one percent, the expected change in the fund's value is beta x 1 percent. On average, the fund's value will change more than the value of the benchmark index if the beta value is greater than 1. A beta value less than 1 indicates the opposite, i.e. that the fund's value will change less than the benchmark value.

Carbon Footprint Evli uses weighted average carbon intensity to measure the carbon footprint according to the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TFCD). The funds holdings' carbon intensity figures are based on the emissions figures produced by MSCI.

Information Ratio describes the long-term ability of a portfolio manager to add value through active portfolio management. If the Information Ratio tion Ratio is zero, the long-term return of the fund equals that of the benchmark index. In practice this means that the fund has outperformed the benchmark index, on average, for five years out of ten. The higher the Information Ratio, the greater the probability that the fund will outperform its benchmark. With an IR of 0.5 the fund has outperformed the benchmark, on average, in seven years out of ten, and with an IR of 1.0 in 8.5 years out of ten.

Portfolio Turnover is a measure of the length of time that a security remains in a portfolio during a given period. The portfolio turnover rate is calculated by subtracting the sum of subscriptions and redemptions of fund units (EUR S+T) from the sum of the securities bought and sold by the fund (EUR X+Y). The turnover is the abovementioned difference divided by the average market value of the fund, which has been calculated from the daily market values over the past 12 months. For example, if all assets have been sold and bought once it would equal to a turnover rate of 1. Portfolio turnover rate = ((X + Y) - (S + T)) / M x 100 / 2, where X = Securities bought, Y = Securities sold, S = Fund's fund units issued / subscribed, T = Fund's fund units cancelled / redeemed, M = Average total value of net assets.

R2 (R-squared) describes the extent to which the fund's performance is dependent on the performance of the benchmark index. R-squared is the square of the correlation coefficient.

SFDR in accordance with the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR), article 8 funds promote sustainability factors among other features, and article 9 funds aim to make sustainable investments. Other funds address only sustainability risks in their investments decisions (article 6 funds).

Sharpe Ratio indicates the size of return relative to risk taken. The Sharpe ratio measures the fund's return (with volatility of one percent) in excess of a risk-free return. The higher the Sharpe ratio, the more favorable the relationship between return and risk.

TER (Total Expense Ratio) is a measure of a fund's total expenses in relation to its average assets and is expressed as an annualized percentage. The expenses include all the fund's management and custody fees and any profit-related fees. Securities commissions are excluded. TER = A + B + C + D, where A = Management fee charged from the fund's assets, B = Custodian fee that may be charged separately from the fund's assets, C = Account maintenance and other bank charges that may be charged from the fund's assets, D = Any other fees which, according to the fund's rules, are charged directly from the fund's assets. As a rule, funds registered in Finland do not make such charges on top of trading fees.

Tracking Error indicates the risk of active portfolio management in relation to the risk of the benchmark index. The higher the number, the more the fund's performance differs from the benchmark's performance. If the tracking error is 5%, the fund's return will deviate in about two years out of three ±5% of the benchmark's return. The tracking error is zero if the relative weights of the fund's investments are exactly the same as in the benchmark index. Tracking error increases if investment weights are changed relative to the weights of the benchmark

Volatility is a risk measure generally used in financial markets. It reflects variability in the return of an investment or a portfolio. The higher the volatility, the greater the variability in return and the risk involved. If the fund's expected return is 12% and the volatility is 20%, then the fund's return for two years out of three is 12 ± 20%, that is, between -8% and +32%. Volatility is calculated on the basis of the standard deviation of weekly returns and expressed as an annual percentage.

BASIC INFORMATION

Finland Trade Frequency Daily Clearing Time Trade Date + 2

Cut Off Time 14:00 EET (Trade date-1)

FUR Currency

Custodian Skandinaviska Enskilda

Banken AB (publ) Helsinki

Auditor Frnst & Young NAV Calculation, Fund Registry Evli Fund Management Keeper and Fund Management Company Ltd

Company

Global Investment Performance

Standards (GIPS®) Compliant

Orders In Shares or currency

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Sources of data: Evli, MSCI, Morningstar, Bloomberg

Morningstar

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Source of index data: MSCI. Neither MSCI or any other party involved in or related to compling, computing or creating the MSCI data makes any express or implied warranties or representations with respect to such data (or the results to be obtained by the use thereof), and all such parties here by expressly disclaim all warranties of originality, accuracy, completeness, merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose with respect to any such data. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall MSCI, any of its affiliates or any third party involved in or related to compling, computing or creating the data have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, punitive, consequential or any other damages (including lost profits) even if notified of the possibility of such damages. No further distribution or dissemination of the MSCI data is permitted without MSCI's express written consent.

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